

Date: 11-22-1993 (067)

MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET  
SECTION I

Supersedes: NEN

## MANUFACTURER'S NAME &amp; ADDRESS

HARRIS PAINTS  
25 "C" STREET MINILLAS IND. PARK  
BAYAMON PUERTO RICO

## PRODUCT NAME

RUST CHEM ACRYLIC/URETHANE ENAMEL BRIGHT  
YELLOW

## PRODUCT CATALOG NUMBER

1241271A

## PRODUCT CLASS

EXT./INT. GLOSS ENAMEL  
GENERAL MSDS INFORMATION: (809) (809) 798-1005  
24 HR EMERGENCY ASSISTANCE: (809) (809) 798-1005 (M-F 8AM-4:30PM EASTERN); CHEMTREC (800) 424-9300 (ALL OTHER TIMES)

## SECTION II - HAZARDOUS INGREDIENTS

INGREDIENTS	CAS NO.	Percent WT.	Hazardous a b c	ACGIH TLV PPM	TLV mg/M3	OSHA PEL PPM	OSHA PEL mg/M3	LEL	VAPOR PRESSURE
ALKYD RESIN	NA	35		NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
MINERAL SPIRITS	64742-88-7	35		100	525	100	525	1.0	2.0 @68 °F
TITANIUM DIOXIDE	13463-67-7	10		NA	10	NA	10	NA	NA
XYLENE (MIXED ISOMERS)	1330-20-7	5	( )	100	434	100	435	1.0	5.1 @68 °F
MORDANT YELLOW	6358-31-2	5		NA	10	NA	15	NA	NA
LIJAROMATIC HYDROCARBON	64742-94-5	<5		100	563	NA	NA	0.8	<3.0 @77 °F
FLUOROPHILIC CLAY	NA	<5		NA	10	NA	15	.06	NA

(1) Manufacturer's TLV.

(2) oz./cu. ft. for LEL

(3) HAZARDOUS ACCORDING TO: a-SARA 302/304, b-SARA 313, c-CERCLA 103(a)

NA - Not Available

## SECTION III - PHYSICAL DATA

VAPOR DENSITY	X-HEAVIER	LIGHTER THAN AIR	BOILING RANGE	276 - 410 °F	POUNDS PER GALLON	8.49
EVAPORATION RATE	FASTER	X-SLOWER THAN ETHER	PERCENT VOLATILE BY VOLUME	55.3	VOC	3.45 LBS/GAL (- WATER)

## SECTION IV - FIRE AND EXPLOSION HAZARD DATA

FLAMMABILITY CLASSIFICATION	FLASH POINT	102°F SETAFLASH	LEL
OSHA 29 CFR-1910.106(a)			SEE SECTION II

Parts 18-19

Combustible Liquid - Class II

EXTINGUISHING MEDIA: In case of fire use CO<sub>2</sub>, Dry Chemical, Foam or other National Fire Protection Association approved method for treating a Class B Fire.

UNUSUAL FIRE AND EXPLOSION HAZARDS: Keep containers tightly closed. Isolate from heat and flame. Due to pressure build-up closed containers exposed to extreme heat may explode. Never use a welding or cutting torch on or near container (even empty) as product or its residue may ignite. During emergency conditions, overexposure to decomposition products may cause a health hazard. Symptoms may not be immediately apparent. Obtain medical attention.

SPECIAL FIRE FIGHTING PROCEDURES: Summon professional firefighters. Use full protective equipment including self contained breathing apparatus. Water spray may be ineffective. If water is used, fog nozzles are preferable. If exposed to fire or extreme heat, water should be used to cool closed containers and prevent pressure build-up or possible auto-ignition.

## SECTION V - HEALTH HAZARD DATA

THRESHOLD LIMIT VALUE See Section II

EFFECTS OF OVEREXPOSURE

ACUTE- Breathing: Irritation of the respiratory tract; headache, nausea, dizziness, weakness and fatigue. Extreme exposure can result in unconsciousness and even respiratory arrest.

Skin or Eye Contacts: Primary Irritation.

Swallowing: Can cause stomach and/or intestinal irritation, nausea, vomiting and diarrhea. Aspiration of vomitus can cause chemical pneumonitis, which can be fatal.

CHRONIC- Reports have associated repeated and prolonged occupational overexposure to solvents with permanent brain and nervous system damage. Prolonged and repeated breathing of spray mist and/or sanding dust over a period of years may cause dust disease of the lungs.

MEDICAL CONDITIONS PRONE TO AGGRAVATION BY EXPOSURE- None when used in accordance with Safe Handling and Use Information (See Section VII).

PRIMARY ROUTE(S) OF ENTRY SKIN X-BREATHING X-SWALLOWING

MS-1C

Section V Continued on Next Page

## SECTION V - HEALTH HAZARD DATA (CONTINUED)

12/12/1A

## EMERGENCY AND FIRST AID PROCEDURES

- IF BREATHED: If you experience difficulty in breathing, leave the area to obtain fresh air. If continued difficulty is experienced, summon medical assistance immediately. If breathing ceases, restore using approved CPR techniques and summon medical assistance immediately.
- IF IN EYES: In case of eye contact, flush with large amounts of water for at least 15 minutes. Get medical assistance.
- IF ON SKIN: In case of skin contact, wash area thoroughly with soap and water. Remove soiled clothing. Get medical assistance if irritation persists.
- IF SWALLOWED: DO NOT INDUCE VOMITING. Consult physician immediately. Aspiration of vomitus can cause chemical pneumonia which can be fatal.

WARNING: Intentional misuse by deliberately concentrating and inhaling the contents may be harmful or fatal.

## SECTION VI - REACTIVITY DATA

- STABILITY: UNSTABLE X-STABLE
- INCOMPATIBILITY: Avoid contact with strong oxidizing agents.
- HAZARDOUS DECOMPOSITION PRODUCTS: May cause hazardous fumes when heated to decomposition. Fumes may contain carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide and oxides of metals listed in Section II.
- HAZARDOUS POLYMERIZATION: MAY OCCUR X-WILL NOT OCCUR

## SECTION VII - SPILL OR LEAK PROCEDURES

- STEPS TO BE TAKEN IN CASE MATERIAL IS RELEASED OR SPILLED: Remove all sources of ignition (heat, flame). Do not smoke. Avoid breathing vapors. Before attempting clean-up refer to hazard caution information in other sections of this material safety data form. Ventilate area. Contain spilled material and remove with inert absorbent and non-sparking tools. Store in closed containers until properly disposed of.
- APPROPRIATE DISPOSAL METHOD: Dispose of in accordance with local, state and federal regulations. Incinerate only in approved facility. Do not incinerate closed containers.

## SECTION VIII - SAFE HANDLING AND USE INFORMATION

- RESPIRATORY PROTECTION: Do not breathe vapors, spray mist or sanding dust. When spray applied in outdoor or open areas with unrestricted ventilation, and during sanding or grinding operations, use NIOSH/MSHA approved mechanical filter respirator to remove solid airborne particles of overspray and sanding dust. When used in restricted areas, wear NIOSH/MSHA approved chemical/mechanical filters designed to remove a combination of particulates and vapor. When used in confined areas, wear NIOSH/MSHA approved air supply respirators or hoods. Use NIOSH/MSHA approved respirators when flame cutting, welding, brazing and sanding material coated with this product. Follow respirator manufacturer's directions for respirator use.
- VENTILATION: Use only with adequate ventilation. Provide general dilution or local exhaust ventilation in volume and pattern to keep air contaminant concentration below current applicable safety and health standards in the mixing, application and curing areas, and to remove sanding dusts of dried coating and decomposition product during welding and flame cutting on surfaces coated with this product. Heavy solvent vapors should be removed from lower levels of the work area and all ignition sources should be eliminated.
- PROTECTIVE GLOVES: Do not get on skin. Solvent impermeable gloves to prevent contact are recommended.
- EYE PROTECTION: Do not get in eyes. Solvent resistant safety eyewear with splash guards or shields is recommended to prevent contact.
- SKIN PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT: Do not get on skin. Solvent impermeable clothing and boots to prevent contact are recommended.
- HYGIENIC PRACTICES: Remove and wash soiled clothing before reuse. Wash hands before eating, smoking or using the washroom.

## SECTION IX - OTHER PRECAUTIONS

PRECAUTIONS TO BE TAKEN IN HANDLING AND STORAGE: Keep away from heat and flame. Do not smoke. Prevent build-up of vapors by maintaining continuous flow of fresh air.

Do not store above 120°F or near fire or open flame. Store large quantities in buildings designed to comply with OSHA 1910.106. Keep container closed when not in use. Do not transfer contents to bottles or other unlabelled containers. Do not reuse empty containers. Keep out of reach of children.

The information contained herein is based on data believed by this company to be accurate, but we do not assume any liability for the accuracy of this information. We neither suggest nor guarantee that any hazards mentioned are the only ones which exist. Anyone intending to rely on any recommendation or to use any equipment, technique or material mentioned should also satisfy himself that he can meet all applicable safety and health standards. Determination of the suitability of any information or product for the use contemplated by any user, the manner of that use and whether there is any infringement of patents is the sole responsibility of the user.